$50 Note
Issued 1914 - 1990
All U.S. currency remains legal tender, regardless of when it was issued.

1914
The first $50 Federal Reserve note is issued. The note measures 7.375 x 3.125 inches and features a portrait of President Grant on the front and a vignette of an allegorical representation of Panama on the back.

1929
The size of the note is reduced to 6.14 x 2.61 inches, and the vignette on the back is changed to feature the United States Capitol.

Key Features

Federal Reserve Bank Seal
A black seal to the left of the portrait bears the name of the distributing Federal Reserve Bank.

Raised Printing
Move your finger along the note’s surface to feel the raised printing, which gives genuine Federal Reserve notes their distinctive texture.

Paper
Federal Reserve note paper is one-fourth linen and three-fourths cotton, and contains red and blue security fibers.

Portrait and Vignette
The $50 note features a portrait of President Grant on the front of the note. The vignette on the back of the note changed in 1929 to feature the United States Capitol.

Treasury Seal
A seal to the right of the portrait represents the U.S. Department of the Treasury. The design of the seal was changed to incorporate an English inscription and appears on all Federal Reserve notes of the 1969 series year or later.

Serial Numbers
A combination of numbers and letters appears twice on the front of the note.

Were there any changes to the $50 note between 1929 and 1990?
There were minor changes to some of the text and to the size and style of the seals featured on the note.

For more information about U.S. currency visit www.uscurrency.gov