



## QUICK REFERENCE GUIDE

uscurrency.gov





#### **Raised printing**

Move your finger across the note. It should feel slightly rough to the touch as a result of the printing process and the unique composition of the paper.





#### Security thread

Hold the note to light to see a security thread embedded on denominations \$5 and higher. The thread is in a different position for each denomination and glows a different color when held to ultraviolet (UV) light.

#### Watermark

Hold the note to light to see a faint image to the right of the portrait on denominations \$5 and higher. The \$5 note has two watermarks, both of the numeral *5*.





#### Color-shifting ink

Tilt the note to see the ink in the numbers on the lower right corner and the Bell in the Inkwell change color from copper to green. Color-shifting ink is found on denominations \$10 and higher.

#### 3-D Security Ribbon

The 3-D Security Ribbon on the \$100 note is woven into the paper. It has images of bells and *100*s that move from side to side and up and down when you tilt the note.





#### Microprinting

Microprinting is featured in several locations on denominations \$5 and higher. These small printed words correspond to the denomination or are phrases such as *"THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA," "USA,"* or *"E PLURIBUS UNUM."* 

#### **Red and blue fibers**

There are small red and blue security fibers embedded throughout genuine U.S. currency paper.

#### FEDERAL RESERVE NOTE IDENTIFIERS

Each Federal Reserve note includes identifiers. Federal Reserve identifiers serve a variety of purposes, like designating when a note was printed and which plate was used to print the note. See the opposite side of this brochure to learn where these identifiers are located on each note.

#### 1 SERIAL NUMBER

Each note has a unique serial number. The first letter of the serial number corresponds to the series year.

E = 2004 G = 2004A I = 2006 J = 2009 L = 2009A M = 2013 N = 2017

#### 3

#### FACE & BACK PLATE NUMBER

The face plate and back plate numbers identify the printing plates used to print each side of the note. The face plate number is found on the face of the note and the back plate number is found on the back. (Back plate number not shown.)

#### 5

#### NOTE POSITION LETTER & NUMBER

The note position letter and number indicates in which position on a plate a note was printed. It is a combination of one letter and one number.

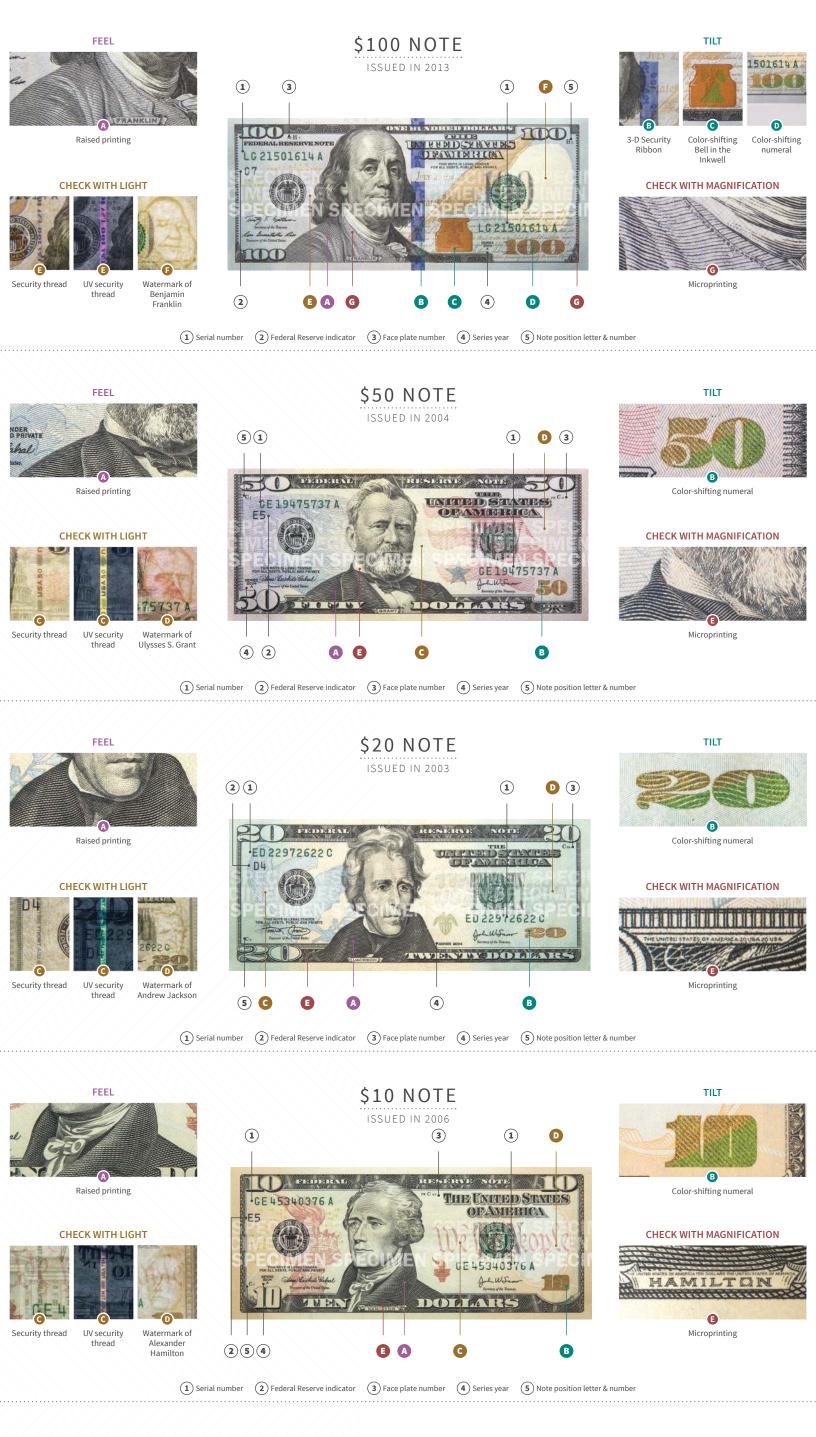
#### 2

### FEDERAL RESERVE

Each note has a letter and number designation that corresponds to one of the 12 Federal Reserve Banks. The letter of each indicator matches the second letter of the serial number on the note.

(4) SERIES YEAR

The series year indicates the year in which a new design was approved by the Secretary of the Treasury, or the year in which the signature of a new secretary was incorporated into the design. Capital letters following the series year appear when there is a significant change in the note's appearance.



FEEL



Raised printing

#### CHECK WITH MAGNIFICATION



Microprinting



#### CHECK WITH LIGHT



Security thread

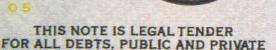


Watermark of numeral 5

thread

# IE 25507922 C

**E5** 



Anna Escobedo Cabral

H 4 Treasurer of the United States.

#### COUNTERFEIT REPORTING

Do you know what to do with suspected counterfeits?

Become familiar with your organization's counterfeit-reporting procedures and learn what to do if you suspect you have a counterfeit note. This may include contacting local law enforcement or the local field office of the United States Secret Service.

#### www.uscurrency.gov www.secretservice.gov

ITEM #906 · 2017